



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

the contagious diseases, as follows, namely, glanders, farcy, contagious pleuropneumonia, tuberculosis, Texas fever, foot and mouth diseases, rinderpest, hog cholera, and rabies, such agent shall cause, in the name of this board, such animal to be kept quarantined or isolated in such place (whether a portion of a building or other place) as he may designate, and may order that such animal shall be so kept isolated by the owner or the person or persons in possession of such animal, and at the cost of such owner or person or persons, and shall not be removed from the place so designated until discharged therefrom by an order of this board or its duly authorized agent, or an order issued by the State board of cattle commissioners or any of its members; and all persons are hereby forbidden to remove, or cause to be removed, said animal from the place or inclosure where it has been so quarantined or isolated; or to cause or allow said animal to pass from place to place within said city, or to be or remain in any place in said city, except the place designated as aforesaid; or to drive or transport, or cause to be driven or transported, any animal contrary to the regulations aforesaid; or to cause or allow any other animal to come in contact with said quarantined animal, or to enter the inclosure where such animal is confined.

SEC. 4. *Penalty for violation.*—Any person disobeying any provision of this chapter or any order made by an agent of this board of health as aforesaid, or driving or transporting any animal contrary to the said regulations, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or imprisonment not exceeding one year.

Barbers and Barber Shops—Sanitary Regulations for. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 1, 1913.)

CHAP. XIII. The place of business shall be kept at all times in a cleanly condition. Mugs, shaving brushes, and razors shall be cleansed by immersion in boiling water after every separate use thereof. A separate clean towel shall be used for each person. Alum and other material used to check bleeding shall be used only in powdered form, and applied on a towel. The use of powder puffs and sponges is prohibited. Every barber shop shall be provided with running hot and cold water. No person shall be allowed to use any barber shop as a dormitory. Every barber shall cleanse his hands thoroughly immediately after serving each customer. Hair brushes and combs shall be thoroughly washed at least once a day.

Surgical Chests—Required in Factories. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 1, 1913.)

CHAP. XIV. Every person, firm, or corporation operating a factory or shop in which machinery is used for any manufacturing purpose, or for any other purpose, except for elevators, or for heating or hoisting apparatus, shall at all times keep and maintain, free of expense to the employees, a full set of the following articles, the same to be kept in a suitable dust-proof case: Adhesive plaster, 1-inch roll and 2-inch roll; bandages, two dozen assorted sizes, 1 to 4 inches; absorbent cotton, 1 pound; gauze, one package of 10 yards; elastic tourniquet, 24 inches; safety pins, two dozen; splint material, four whitewood strips 30 by 4 by $\frac{3}{16}$ inches; scissors, straight, 3-inch blade; basin, enamel; tablets, corrosive sublimate and citric acid, 100; carron oil, 1 quart; aromatic spirits of ammonia, 4 ounces.

Milk and Cream—Production, Care, and Sale. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 1, 1913.)

CHAP. XV. RULE 1. No person, firm, or corporation shall engage in the production, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk in the city of Brockton except in accordance with the provisions of Revised Laws of Massachusetts and of acts of the legislature additional thereto, or in amendment thereof, and in compliance with the following rules and regulations of the board of health of said city:

RULE 2. Every person, firm, or corporation producing, keeping or offering for sale milk in the city of Brockton shall, annually, before the 1st day of June, be licensed so to do by the milk inspector of said city.

RULE 3. No milk shall be produced, kept, sold, or offered for sale in the city of Brockton, from any cow or cows that are not properly cared for, or that have not—within one year—been examined by a competent authority and certified to be free from all diseases dangerous to the public health; or that are kept in a stable that is not in a clean, healthful, and sanitary condition, and that is not open to inspection by the board of health or the milk inspector at all times.

RULE 4. No milk shall be produced, kept, sold, or offered for sale in the city of Brockton, unless it has been strained, mixed, and cooled immediately after it is drawn from the cow. Said milk shall not be strained, mixed or cooled in any room which is not provided with tight walls and floors of such construction as will allow easy and thorough cleaning, or which is not kept constantly clean, or which is occupied by horses, cows, or other animals; or in any room which is used in whole, or in part, for domestic or sleeping purposes, unless the storage room for milk is separated from the other parts of the building, and provision made for the exclusion of outside dust and flies, to the satisfaction of the board of health.

RULE 5. Milk kept for sale in any shop, restaurant, market, bakery, or other establishment shall be stored in a covered cooler box or refrigerator. No vessel containing milk for sale shall be allowed to stand outside of said cooler box or refrigerator, except while a sale of said milk is being made. Every such cooler box or refrigerator shall be properly drained, cleansed, and cared for, and shall be kept tightly closed, except during such intervals as are necessary for the introduction of milk or ice; and shall be kept only in such locations as shall be approved by the board of health.

RULE 6. The milk inspector shall, under the direction of this board, investigate and take samples, to determine the quality of the milk sold, offered, or exposed for sale, or intended for sale in this city; and he shall make, or cause to be made, examinations and inspections thereof, to ascertain whether or not adulterated or impure milk is sold, kept, offered or exposed for sale, or intended for sale in said city, contrary to the statutes of this Commonwealth, or to the provisions of these rules and regulations. He shall visit dairies supplying milk in and to the inhabitants of the city of Brockton, and all places where milk is stored, kept or offered for sale, as often as deemed necessary by this board; and he shall report the conditions thereof at the time of such inspection, in writing, to this board. He shall act as agent and prosecuting officer for the board of health in all matters pertaining to milk.

RULE 7. All cans, bottles, or other vessels of any sort used in the production, storage, sale, or distribution of milk in this city shall be cleaned and sterilized with boiling water or steam before they are again used for the same purpose; and all cans, measures, or other utensils made of metal, shall be kept free from dents and rust, and there shall be proper appliances for washing all utensils used in the production, mixing, storage, sale, or distribution of milk; and all such utensils shall be washed, cleaned, and sterilized with boiling water or steam, regularly, after being so used. The filling of bottles, except at the dairy or creamery, is prohibited.

RULE 8. The water used in washing apparatus and utensils must be from a public water supply, or if from any other source, its use must be subject to the approval of the board of health.

RULE 9. No milk shall be brought into or carried within the city of Brockton, for the purpose of sale, which has been carried upon any wagon or vehicle which is not clean and free from offensive odors, or upon which swill, refuse, garbage, or decaying, unwholesome, or filthy matter is carried.

RULE 10. No person, by himself, or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, firm, or corporation, shall, in the city of Brockton, sell, exchange, or deliver, or have in his custody or possession with intent to sell, exchange, or deliver, any milk, skimmed milk, or cream which contains more than 500,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter, or any pathogenic microorganism. Milk to be pasteurized must not contain over 800,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter.

RULE 11. Every person engaged in the production, storage, transportation, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk for sale in this city shall notify the board of health immediately on the occurrence of any case or cases of infectious disease, either in himself or his family, or among his employees, or their immediate associates, or within the building or premises where milk is stored, sold, or distributed, and at the same time shall suspend the sale or distribution of milk until authorized to resume the same by the board of health. No vessel which has been handled by a person suffering from a disease, or which is on the premises of a person in whose family or household infectious disease exists, shall be removed to hold or convey milk until it has been thoroughly disinfected and sterilized under the supervision of an agent of the board of health.

RULE 12. Bottles or other milk containers shall not be left with any family in which there is any contagious disease, but milk may be delivered to such families by pouring into vessels furnished by said families. No bottle or other container, previously left with any family in which a contagious disease occurs, shall be removed therefrom, except with the consent of the board of health in writing.

RULE 13. For the purpose of enabling the board of health to carry out and enforce the provisions of these rules and regulations the milk inspector, acting as the authorized agent of, or any other qualified inspector or agent of the board of health, or any member of said board, shall, at all times, have free access to all barns, stables, dairies, creameries, stores, wagons, and all other buildings or premises in which cattle are kept, from which any part of the milk supply of the city of Brockton is obtained, or in which milk is received, kept, bottled, canned, or offered for sale, for the purpose of making inspection of said premises, cattle, vehicles, cans, vessels, measures, and other utensils used in conducting the handling, sale, and delivery of milk, and for the purpose of taking, for analysis or other tests to determine its quality, samples of milk kept or intended for sale in the city of Brockton.

RULE 14. Every person, firm, or corporation licensed to sell milk in the city of Brockton shall promptly notify the board of health of said city upon commencing or discontinuing the sale of milk from any dairy or producer.

RULE 15. Whoever tests milk or cream, which is to be offered for sale in any form, by tasting, shall do so by means of a spoon, or piece of wood, paper, cardboard, or other article, and such spoon, piece of wood, paper, cardboard, or other article shall not again be brought in contact with the milk intended for sale, or be used for testing milk until after being thoroughly washed and sterilized. No person shall permit his hands, fingers, lips, or tongue to come in contact with milk intended for sale in any form. All persons engaged in the tasting, mixing, or handling of milk for sale in any form shall, before engaging in such tasting, mixing, or handling, thoroughly clean their hands and finger nails, and keep them clean and dry during such tasting, mixing, or handling. No person shall permit his hands, while wet, to remain or pass over any open vessel containing milk intended for sale in any form. No person shall fill a jar, can, or other receptacle with milk while the aforesaid jar, can, or other receptacle is held over an open vessel containing milk intended for sale in any form. No person who has sore throat, diarrhea, or is suffering from any other disturbance of the bowels, or has symptoms of infectious or contagious disease, shall engage in the handling of milk which is to be offered for sale, or which is for sale.

RULE 16. No urinal, water-closet, or privy shall be located in rooms in which milk is handled, or so situated as to pollute the atmosphere of said rooms.

RULE 17. Dealers in milk are prohibited from allowing any person, or persons, not in their employ to loiter about the milk room, or handle any vessel or utensil used in the sale and distribution of milk.

RULE 18. Every person, firm, or corporation in the city of Brockton engaged in the sale, delivery, or distribution of milk from dairies shall, upon request from the board, certify that the above rules are complied with by said dairies.